STATE OF WYOMING

## DRAFT ONLY NOT APPROVED FOR INTRODUCTION

HOUSE BILL NO.

Low carbon energy standards-repeal.

Sponsored by: Joint Minerals, Business & Economic Development Interim Committee

## A BILL

## for

1	AN ACT relating to public utilities; repealing low-carbon
2	energy standard requirements; repealing conflicting
3	provisions; making conforming amendments; requiring
4	rulemaking; and providing for an effective date.
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6	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Wyoming:
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8	<b>Section 1.</b> W.S. 37-1-101(a)(intro) and 37-2-134(a)(i)
9	and (iv) are amended to read:
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11	37-1-101. Definitions.
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1 (a) As used in chapters 1, 2, 3, 12, and 17 and 18 of this title: 2 3 37-2-134. Electric generation facility closures; 4 presumption; commission review. 5 6 7 (a) As used in this section: 8 9 (i) "Dispatchable" means as defined in W.S. 10 37-18-101(a)(ii) a source of electricity that is available for use on demand and that can be dispatched upon request 11 12 of a power grid operator or that can have its power output adjusted, according to market needs 13 and includes dispatchability; 14 15 16 (iv) "Reliable" means as defined in W.S. 17 37-18-101(a)(iv) generated electricity that is not subject 18 to intermittent availability. 19 20 Section 2. W.S. 37-1-101(a)(vi)(N), 37-18-101 and 21 37-18-102 are repealed. 22

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thousand seven hundred fifty (18,750) metric tons of carbon 1 dioxide during one (1) calendar year and that has a capture 2 design capacity of not less than seventy-five percent (75%) 3 of the baseline carbon dioxide production of the generation 4 unit as specified in 26 U.S.C. § 45Q(e)(2); 5 6 7 (iv) "Reliable" means generated electricity that is not subject to intermittent availability. 8 9 10 37-18-102. Energy generation portfolio standards; 11 reporting requirements; rate recovery and limitations. 12 13 (a) Consistent with the objective of ensuring Wyoming 14 electric utilities maintain access to reliable and cost effective electric generation resources, the public service 15 commission shall establish by rule energy portfolio 16 17 standards that will maximize the use of dispatchable and 18 reliable low-carbon electricity. In establishing standards, 19 the commission: 20 (i) Shall require a public utility serving more 21 than ten thousand (10,000) Wyoming electric customers to 22 generate a specified percentage of electricity that is 23 dispatchable and reliable low-carbon electricity from an 24 25 existing coal-fired generation unit or an equivalent new coal-fueled generation unit; 26 27 28 (ii) Shall establish a date not later than July 1, 2033 for requiring a percentage of electricity generated 29 by a public utility to be dispatchable and reliable low-30 carbon electricity taking into consideration any 31 potentially expiring federal tax credits; 32 33 34 (iii) Shall establish intermediate requirements for dispatchable and reliable low-carbon electricity that 35 public utilities must generate before the electricity 36 generation standard established in paragraphs (i) and (ii) 37 38 of this subsection; 39 40 (iv) Beginning July 1, 2024, shall require each public utility to file with the commission an annual report 41 outlining the steps in the past calendar year the public 42 utility has taken to determine the market for carbon 43 44 dioxide from the electricity generation and to achieve the electricity generation standard established in paragraphs 45

(i) through (iii) of this subsection. In the annual report 1 required under this paragraph, each public utility shall, 2 for purposes of determining the market for carbon dioxide 3 from electricity generation, report the potential customers 4 the public utility has contacted and any information or 5 estimates the customers are willing to make public on the б 7 quantities of carbon dioxide they may need; 8 9 (v) Shall for each public utility: 10 11 (A) Not later than December 15, 2024, establish baseline standards for electric reliability to 12 ensure adequate reliable dispatchable power in Wyoming. The 13 14 standards established under this subparagraph may include limits on outages and shall ensure that new or expanded 15 intermittent generation resources do not unreasonably 16 diminish power quality or increase momentary outages across 17 a utility's service territory or in any particular 18 19 location; 20 21 (B) Require the utility to monitor and report electric reliability and power quality outcomes in 22 integrated resource plan submissions or as otherwise 23 directed by the commission; and 24 25 (C) Require the utility to take any steps 26 27 the commission deems reasonably necessary to maintain reasonable levels of electric reliability and power 28 quality; 29 30 31 (D) In considering generation facilities for inclusion in a utility's investment on which the 32 utility is entitled to earn a rate of return, the 33 commission may disallow the inclusion of some or all of the 34 investment associated with nondispatchable resources if 35 those resources do not operate as projected and require the 36 utility to rely on more expensive sources of generation or 37 38 materially contribute to a failure to comply with 39 reliability standards. 40 (vi) A public utility that fails to maintain the 41 standards established under this subsection may be subject 42 to a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred thousand 43 dollars (\$100,000.00) for each day that the violation 44 persists. However, the maximum civil penalty shall not 45

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    exceed one million dollars ($1,000,000.00) for any related
    series of violations.
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        (b) In addition to W.S. 37-3-117(a), the rates
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    charged by an electric public utility shall not include any
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    recovery of or earnings on the capital costs associated
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    with new electric generation facilities built, in whole or
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    in part, to replace the electricity generated from one (1)
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    or more coal fired electric generation facilities located
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    in Wyoming and retired on or after January 1, 2024, unless
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    the commission determines that the public utility that
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    owned the retired coal fired electric generation facility:
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             (i) Has satisfied the requirements of W.S. 37-3-
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    117(a); and
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             (ii) Is achieving or has taken steps to the
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    commission's satisfaction to achieve the electricity
    generation standards established under subsection (a) of
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    this section.
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        (c) Subject to W.S. 37-3-117(a) and the limitation in
    subsection (b) of this section, the commission shall
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    consider the following when establishing reasonable rates
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    for a public utility working toward and achieving the
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    electricity generation standards established under
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    subsection (a) of this section:
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             (i) A public utility that generates dispatchable
    and reliable low-carbon electricity may apply to the
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    commission for rate recovery of the cost of any carbon
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    capture, utilization and storage technology used to achieve
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    the electricity generation standards established under
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    subsection (a) of this section, including a higher return
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    on equity, provided that the carbon capture, utilization
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    and storage technology is integral or adjacent to a coal
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    fired generation facility in Wyoming;
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             (ii) A public utility may apply to the
    commission for authorization to allow a portion of any
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    revenues from the sale of carbon dioxide captured, stored
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    or utilized as a result of generating dispatchable and
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    reliable low-carbon electricity to be returned to the
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    shareholders of the public utility;
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1 (iii) To the extent a public utility can demonstrate that it will incur incremental costs to comply 2 with the reliable and dispatchable low-carbon energy 3 standard, the commission shall authorize the public utility 4 to implement a rate recovery mechanism that collects a 5 surcharge from customers not to exceed two percent (2%) of 6 each customer's total electric bill to provide for the 7 recovery of the prudently incurred incremental costs to 8 comply with the reliable and dispatchable low-carbon energy 9 standard. A rate recovery mechanism may be authorized and 10 established prior to the public utility incurring incremental costs to comply with the reliable and dispatchable low-carbon energy standard and the public 11 12 13 14 utility may retain funds collected through a mechanism in a regulatory account approved by the commission to offset 15 future costs. To the extent the rate recovery mechanism is 16 17 insufficient to compensate the public utility for its prudently incurred incremental costs to comply with the 18 reliable and dispatchable low-carbon energy standard, the 19 20 commission shall take such actions as necessary to ensure the public utility is able to recover its prudently 21 incurred incremental costs and customers are not charged 22 for those incremental costs other than through the rate 23 recovery mechanism specified in this subsection. No rate 24 recovery shall be allowed by the commission under this 25 paragraph after the public utility has been authorized by 26 27 the commission to collect these costs through the utility's 28 base rates or another recovery mechanism approved by the commission. 29

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31 (d) The commission shall promulgate rules to ensure 32 that public utilities are satisfactorily progressing toward 33 achieving the dispatchable and reliable low-carbon 34 electricity generation standard that the commission 35 establishes as required in subsection (a) of this section 36 and achieving reasonable electric reliability and power 37 quality outcomes as required by subsection (a) of this 38 section.

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40 (e) Beginning in 2023, and occurring every second 41 year thereafter, the commission shall report to the joint 42 minerals, business and economic development interim 43 committee and the joint corporations, elections and 44 political subdivisions interim committee regarding 45 implementation of the electricity portfolio standards and

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recommend whether it should be continued, modified or 1 repealed. To the extent the electricity portfolio standards 2 are modified or discontinued, nothing shall impair the 3 ability of a public utility that has incurred costs to 4 5 comply with the electricity portfolio standards to recover 6 its prudently incurred costs as authorized by the commission. 7 8 (f) Nothing in this chapter shall prevent a public 9 utility from entering into individualized energy contracts 10 or arrangements with large commercial or industrial 11 customers to procure energy or capacity to meet customers' 12 needs or from utilizing customer-specific energy portfolios 13 pursuant to tariffs approved by the commission. 14 15 16 17 \*\*\*\*\* 18 19 Section 3. The public service commission shall 20 promulgate all rules necessary to implement this act. 21 22 Section 4. This act is effective immediately upon completion of all acts necessary for a bill to become law 23 as provided by Article 4, Section 8 of the Wyoming 24 25 Constitution. 26 27 (END)

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