## DRAFT ONLY NOT APPROVED FOR INTRODUCTION

## HOUSE BILL NO. [BILL NUMBER]

Foreign adversary ownership or control of business entities.

Sponsored by: Joint Corporations, Elections & Political Subdivisions Interim Committee

## A BILL

for

1 ΑN ACT relating to corporations, partnerships and associations; amending the grounds for administrative 2 dissolution, revocation and forfeiture to include foreign 3 4 adversary ownership or control as specified; and providing 5 for an effective date. 6

7 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Wyoming:

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- **Section 1.** W.S. 17-16-1420(a)(vi)(B), (C) and by 9
- 10 creating a new subparagraph (D), 17-16-1530(a)(viii)(A),
- 11 and by creating a new subparagraph (C), 17-19-
- 12 1420(a)(v)(A), (B) and by creating a new subparagraph (C),

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1
    17-19-1530(a)(vii)(A), (B) and by creating a
                                                          new
2
    subparagraph (C), 17-29-705(c)(iii)(B), (C) and by creating
3
    a new subparagraph (D), 17-30-904 (h) (iii) (C) and by
 4
    creating a new subparagraph (D) are amended to read:
5
         17-16-1420. Grounds for administrative dissolution.
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7
8
         (a) The secretary of state may commence a proceeding
    under W.S. 17-16-1421 to administratively dissolve a
9
10
    corporation if any of the following has occurred:
11
12
              (vi) It is in the public interest and the
13
    corporation:
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15
                  (B) Has provided fraudulent information or
16
    has failed to correct false information upon request of the
    secretary of state on any filing under this act with the
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18
    secretary of state; or
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                  (C) Cannot be
                                  served by either the
    secretary of state or the registered agent at its address
21
22
    provided pursuant to W.S. 17-28-107; or
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1	(D) Is owned or controlled by a foreign
2	government or foreign nongovernment person determined to be
3	a foreign adversary by the United States secretary of
4	commerce and specified in 15 C.F.R. 7.4(a).
5	
6	17-16-1530. Grounds for revocation.
7	
8	(a) The secretary of state may commence a proceeding
9	under W.S. 17-16-1531 to revoke the certificate of
10	authority of a foreign corporation authorized to transact
11	business in this state if:
12	
13	(viii) It is in the public interest and the
14	corporation:
15	
16	(A) Has provided fraudulent information or
17	has failed to correct false information upon request of the
18	secretary of state on any filing under this act with the
19	secretary of state; — or
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21	(B) Cannot be served either by the
22	registered agent or by mail or electronically by the
23	secretary of state acting as the agent for process: or

1	
2	(C) Is owned or controlled by a foreign
3	government or foreign nongovernment person determined to be
4	a foreign adversary by the United States secretary of
5	commerce and specified in 15 C.F.R. 7.4(a).
6	
7	17-19-1420. Grounds for administrative dissolution.
8	
9	(a) The secretary of state may commence a proceeding
10	under W.S. 17-19-1421 to administratively dissolve a
11	corporation if any of the following has occurred:
12	
13	(v) It is in the public interest and the
14	corporation:
15	
16	(A) Has provided fraudulent information or
17	has failed to correct false information upon request of the
18	secretary of state on any filing under this act with the
19	secretary of state; or
20	
21	(B) Cannot be served by either the
22	secretary of state or the registered agent at its address
23	provided pursuant to W S 17-28-107:- or

1	
2	(C) Is owned or controlled by a foreign
3	government or foreign nongovernment person determined to be
4	a foreign adversary by the United States secretary of
5	commerce and specified in 15 C.F.R. 7.4(a).
6	
7	17-19-1530. Grounds for revocation.
8	
9	(a) The secretary of state may commence a proceeding
10	under W.S. 17-19-1531 to revoke the certificate of
11	authority of a foreign corporation authorized to transact
12	business in this state if any of the following has
13	occurred:
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15	(vii) It is in the public interest and the
16	corporation:
17	
18	(A) Has provided fraudulent information or
19	has failed to correct false information upon request of the
20	secretary of state on any filing with the secretary of
21	state under this act; or
22	

1	(B) Cannot be served either by the
2	registered agent or by mail or electronically by the
3	secretary of state acting as the agent for process: $\underline{\cdot}$ $\underline{\cdot}$ or
4	
5	(C) Is owned or controlled by a foreign
6	government or foreign nongovernment person determined to be
7	a foreign adversary by the United States secretary of
8	commerce and specified in 15 C.F.R. 7.4(a).
9	
10	17-29-705. Administrative forfeiture of authority and
11	articles of organization.
12	
13	(c) A limited liability company shall be deemed to be
14	transacting business within this state without authority,
15	to have forfeited any franchises, rights or privileges
16	acquired under the laws thereof and shall be deemed defunct
17	and to have forfeited its articles of organization or
18	certificate of authority acquired under the laws of this
19	state, and the forfeiture shall be made effective in the
20	manner provided in subsection (a) of this section, if:
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22	(iii) It is in the public interest and the
23	limited liability company or any of its members:

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2	(B) Has provided fraudulent information or
3	has failed to correct false information upon request of the
4	secretary of state on any filing with the secretary of
5	state under this chapter;—or
6	
7	(C) Cannot be served by either the
8	registered agent or by mail or electronically by the
9	secretary of state acting as the agent for process: $\underline{\cdot}$ $\underline{\cdot}$ or
L 0	
L1	(D) Is owned or controlled by a foreign
L2	government or foreign nongovernment person determined to be
L3	a foreign adversary by the United States secretary of
L 4	commerce and specified in 15 C.F.R. 7.4(a).
L 5	
L 6	17-30-904. Administrative forfeiture of authority and
L 7	articles of formation.
L 8	
L 9	(h) A statutory foundation shall be deemed to be
20	operating within this state without authority, to have
20	operating within this state without authority, to have forfeited any rights or privileges acquired under the laws

articles of formation filed in this state if:

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2	(iii) The public interest is served by
3	forfeiture and the statutory foundation, its founder or any
4	other person authorized to act on behalf of the statutory
5	foundation:
6	
7	(C) Cannot be served by either the
8	registered agent or by the secretary of state acting as the
9	agent for process: or
LO	
L1	(D) Is owned or controlled by a foreign
L2	government or foreign nongovernment person determined to be
L3	a foreign adversary by the United States secretary of
L 4	commerce and specified in 15 C.F.R. 7.4(a).
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L 8	STAFF COMMENT
L 9	
20	For reference, this bill draft directly amends the statutes
21	governing the following types of business entities:
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23	• Domestic and foreign corporations. W.S. 17-16-1420;
24	W.S. 17-16-1530.
25 26	• Domestic and foreign nonprofit corporations. W.S. 17-
20 27	19-1420; W.S. 17-19-1530.
28	15 1320, H.O. 17 15 1660.
29	• Limited liability companies. W.S. 17-29-705.

• Statutory foundations. W.S. 17-30-904.

In addition, the statutes governing certain other types of business entities cross-reference some of the statutes that are directly amended in this bill draft.

• Domestic and foreign cooperative marketing associations. W.S. 17-10-247(c) ("The provisions of W.S. 17-16-1420 through 17-16-1423 shall apply to the administrative dissolution of any domestic cooperative and the provisions of W.S. 17-16-1530 through 17-16-1532 shall apply to the administrative dissolution of any foreign cooperative.").

• Foreign limited liability partnerships. W.S. 17-14-1006(b) ("The registration to transact business of a foreign limited liability partnership is subject to the same revocation and reinstatement provisions as applicable to foreign corporations authorized to transact business in this state pursuant to W.S. 17-16-1530 through 17-16-1536.").

• Foreign statutory trust companies. W.S. 17-16-1534 ("To the extent not inconsistent with the Wyoming Statutory Trust Act, W.S. 17-23-101 through 17-23-302, a statutory trust as defined in W.S. 17-23-102(a)(v), which is organized in another jurisdiction may do business in Wyoming by complying with W.S. 17-16-1501 through 17-16-1507, 17-16-1520 and 17-16-1530 through 17-16-1532.").

• Foreign limited liability companies. W.S. 17-29-114 ("To the extent not inconsistent with this act or the provisions of the Wyoming Business Corporations Act, a foreign limited liability company shall do business in Wyoming by complying with the provisions of W.S. 17-16-1501 through 17-16-1536 in the same manner as a foreign corporation. A foreign limited liability company's certificate of authority shall be revoked or reinstated in the manner provided for foreign corporations in W.S. 17-16-1530 through 17-16-1532.").

 LSO did not locate any other statutes that grant the Secretary of State broad administrative dissolution, revocation or forfeiture authority that is similar to the authority found in W.S. 17-16-1420, W.S. 17-16-1530, W.S. 17-19-1420, W.S. 17-19-1530, W.S. 17-29-705 or 17-30-904 (the statutes directly amended in this bill draft).

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## STAFF COMMENT

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The language in this bill draft is modeled after language Wyoming's recently enacted critical infrastructure statutes. W.S. 19-13-501(a)(iv)(A) (defining "designated country or person").

The Committee may wish to consider the following:

- Whether to define what it means for a foreign adversary specified in 15 C.F.R. 7.4(a) to "own" or "control" a business entity, or whether to use a different term(s).
  - O The Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States (CFIUS) statute defines "control" to mean "the power, direct or indirect, whether exercised or not exercised, to determine, direct, or decide important matters affecting an entity, subject to regulations prescribed by [CFIUS]." 50 U.S.C. § 4565(a)(3).
  - O The CFIUS regulations define "control" to mean "the power, direct or indirect, whether or not exercised, through the ownership of a majority or a dominant minority of the total outstanding interest in an entity, representation, proxy voting, a special share, contractual arrangements, formal or informal arrangements to act in concert, or other means, to determine, direct, or decide important matters affecting an entity; in particular, but without limitation, to determine, direct, take, reach, or

cause decisions regarding the following matters, similarly any other important affecting an entity: (1) The sale, lease, mortgage, pledge, or other transfer of any of the tangible or intangible principal assets of the entity, whether or not in the ordinary course of business; (2) The reorganization, merger, (3) The closing, dissolution of the entity; relocation, or substantial alteration of the or production, operational, research development facilities of the entity; (4) Major expenditures or investments, issuances of equity or debt, or dividend payments by the entity, or approval of the operating budget of the entity; (5) The selection of new business lines or ventures that the entity will pursue; (6) The entry into, termination, or non-fulfillment by the entity of significant contracts; (7) The policies or procedures of the entity governing the treatment of nonpublic technical, financial, or other proprietary information of the entity; (8) The appointment or dismissal of officers or senior managers or, in the case of a partnership, the general partner; (9) The appointment or dismissal of employees with access to critical technology or other sensitive technology classified U.S. Government information; or (10) The amendment of the Articles of Incorporation, constituent agreement, or other organizational documents of the entity with respect to the matters described in paragraphs (a)(1) through (9) of this section."

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O The regulations regarding Department of Defense "effectively acquisitions define owned controlled" to mean "that a foreign government or any entity controlled by a foreign government has the power, either directly or indirectly, whether exercised or exercisable, to control election, appointment, or tenure of the Offeror's officers or a majority of the Offeror's board of directors by any means, e.q., ownership, contract, or operation of law (or equivalent power for unincorporated organizations)." 48 C.F.R. § 252.209-7002(a)(1).

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2	• Whether to create a new statute prohibiting foreign
3	adversaries specified in 15 C.F.R. 7.4(a) from owning
4	or controlling business entities.
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6	• Whether the Secretary of State should have discretion
7	or be required to seek the administrative dissolution,
8	revocation or forfeiture of the authority of business
9	entities that are owned or controlled by foreign
10	adversaries specified in 15 C.F.R. 7.4(a).
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12	<ul> <li>Whether to include an exception for situations where</li> </ul>
13	the control or ownership has been approved by CFIUS.
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18	Section 2. This act is effective July 1, 2025.
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20	(END)