Wyoming's Needs and Opportunities for High Quality Pre-K

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Wyoming: Context and

- Challenges for Education
 Wyoming has a decreasing school age population—2022 birth rate was 21% below that in 2015 this creates diseconomies of scale that raise cost per child and/or lead to school closures
- Reading and math scores are good compared to other states, but... have been on a downward trend for past 5 years, just 38% proficient in reading at grade 4, reading slips to national average by grade 8, and scores are far below China our biggest competitor in the global economy
- Future labor markets will demand greater knowledge and skills Al and other technologies increase demands, increased returns to higher educational attainment, Wyoming needs to attract and grow high education/high pay industries
- Economic mobility depends on community-wide features trending downward employment, marriage, health and longevity
- Investments in early education can address all four challenges



ECE Links to Broad Lifelong Outcomes



Wyoming is one of just 6 states without state-funded preschool at age 4





Public Pre-K in Wyoming reaches few children

PERCENT OF POPULATION ENROLLED IN PUBLIC ECE





Positive Outcomes of HQ Pre-K

- Increased achievement on grade 4 NAEP in states with quality programs (Bartik & Hershbein, 2018)
- Tulsa, OK UPK
 - Increased 3rd grade reading comprehension & numeracy (Johnson et al. 2024)
 - Better attendance, less grade repetition in high school (Amadon et al. 2022)
 - Increased HS graduation, college attendance, B/C = 2.65 (Bartik et al., 2023)
 - Increased civic participation/voting (Kitchens & Gormley, 2023)
- Alabama First Class Pre-K
 - Increased reading and math achievement grades 3 to 7 (Preskitt et al. 2020)
- NJ Pre-K
 - Increased reading and math achievement through grade 10
 - Decreased special education and grade retention (Barnett & Jung, 2021)
- Recent lottery-based (randomized) studies of Pre-K
 - Increased college attendance (Gray-Lobe et al., 2023)
 - Increased earnings (Akee & Clark, 2024)



Quality is Needed for Long-Term Gains in Learning and Cognitive Development



Quality Begins with High Standards

Comprehensive Early Learning Standards Curriculum Supports Lead Teacher Degree (BA) **Lead Teacher Specialized Training Assistant Teacher Degree (CDA) Staff Professional Development** Maximum Class Size (20) Staff to Child Ratio (1:10) **Health Screenings and Referrals Continuous Quality Improvement System**

Quality Requires Adequate Funding Spending per Child in Exemplar States

STATES ADEQUATELY FUNDING OUALITY

STATE	Spending per
	child in 2023
Alabama	\$10,881
Arkansas	\$13,117
California	\$15,554
DC	\$22,207
New Jersey	\$16 <i>,</i> 302
Oklahoma	\$11,046
Oregon	\$16,132
WY (NIEER est.)	\$15,640

Example from another high achieving state: New Jersey's State Preschool

-Began with all children in 31 high poverty cities -High expectations -Adequate funding -Skillful teachers -Small classes -Integrated curriculum -Other supports for children & parents -Supports for teachers





Transformation of NJ Pre-K Quality (ECERS-R)



1= Inadequate, 3=Minimal, 5=Good, 7=Excellent

2000 2005 2008



Impacts on Language & Literacy





Impacts on Math





Impacts on Science





Impacts on Grade Retention and Special Education





Take Aways

>Wyoming faces important challenges pre-K can address

- The foundations for later success are built in the first 5 years, the pre-K years are especially important for language and literacy
- Relatively few children attend pre-K in Wyoming—parents can't afford high quality, lowest income families are most likely left behind
- Declining birth rates increase the importance of investing in human capital and decrease the total cost to the state budget

High expectations and standards are essential for success

- Achieving them requires strong teachers and adequate infrastructure including a continuous improvement system
- Other states have developed high quality preschool programs that produce long-term outcomes, look to them as guides



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