

HOUSE BILL NO. HB0308

Cryptographic Frontiers Act.

Sponsored by: Representative(s) Singh, Filer, Wasserburger and Yin

A BILL

for

1 AN ACT relating to trade and commerce; requiring the
2 attorney general to investigate specified federal overreach
3 involving blockchain or cryptocurrency related actions
4 reported by Wyoming residents; authorizing the attorney
5 general to file or intervene in lawsuits as specified;
6 providing definitions; and providing for an effective date.

7

8 *Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Wyoming:*

9

10 **Section 1.** W.S. 40-32-101 through 40-32-103 is
11 created to read:

12

13

CHAPTER 32

14

CRYPTOGRAPHIC FRONTIERS ACT

15

1 **40-32-101. Cryptographic Frontiers Act; short title.**

2

3 This act shall be known and may be cited as the
4 "Cryptographic Frontiers Act".

5

6 **40-32-102. Definitions.**

7

8 (a) As used in this act unless the context otherwise
9 requires:

10

11 (i) "0x Addresses" means a human readable
12 representation of bytes providing an address to locate
13 blockchain transactions, CID's, wallet addresses, tokens or
14 other blockchain related constructs;

15

16 (ii) "Ascription" means to cryptographically
17 sign a blockchain transaction (or similar analog), CID or
18 protocol with special attributes disambiguating 0x
19 Addresses of different blockchains and blockchain
20 transactions;

21

22 (iii) "Blockchain" means as defined in W.S.

23 34-29-106(g);

1

2 (iv) "Blockchain transaction" means a unit of
3 information in the form of a protocol inserted into a
4 blockchain block or similar analog;

5

6 (v) "By application" means initially by web
7 application then by ascription and seal pending
8 implementation constraints;

9

10 (vi) "Content identifier" or "CID" means a
11 cryptographic hash-based reference to digital content;

12

13 (vii) "Cryptocurrency" means a type of digital
14 asset that operates on its own native blockchain;

15

16 (viii) "Cryptographically sign" means the
17 signing of a message, record, CID, blockchain transaction
18 or similar analog or any other information using private
19 keys;

20

21 (ix) "Cryptographically signing a blockchain
22 transaction" means signing information in the form of a
23 protocol along with a timestamp inserted into a blockchain

1 transaction through the processes of cryptographic signing
2 using a public key infrastructure or other cryptographic
3 proofs algorithm;

4

5 (x) "Private key" means as defined in W.S.
6 34-29-101(a)(v);

7

8 (xi) "Token" means a cryptographically signed
9 protocol of a mathematical curve having starting and ending
10 values or metrics defining relationships of one (1) or more
11 metrics.

12

13 **40-32-103. Federal overreach; Attorney general**
14 **actions.**

15

16 (a) The attorney general shall investigate claims by
17 Wyoming residents or businesses of constitutional
18 violations or overreach by the federal government in each
19 of the following areas:

20

21 (i) Unlawful financial service disruptions
22 including:

23

1 (A) Debanking of Wyoming residents;

2

3 (B) Interference with special purpose
4 depository institution's bank and master account access;

5

6 (C) Restrictions on stable coin usage.

7

8 (ii) Unlawful restrictions on the exercise of
9 free expression made through:

10

11 (A) Cryptocurrency, token or blockchain
12 transactions;

13

14 (B) Testing and simulation activities
15 including the use of testnets;

16

17 (C) Cryptographic signing of blockchain
18 transactions;

19

20 (D) Smart contract deployment;

21

22 (E) CID creation and cryptographic signing;

23

1 (F) On-chain governance;

2

3 (G) Tokenized voting systems;

4

5 (H) Decentralized governance mechanisms;

6

7 (J) Access to financial services when
8 exercising any of the protected expressions under this
9 paragraph.

10

11 (iii) Unreasonable searches or seizures of:

12

13 (A) Private keys;

14

15 (B) Digital assets;

16

17 (C) Cryptographically signed data;

18

19 (D) Blockchain transactions;

20

21 (E) Cryptographically signed or ascribed
22 data, including blockchain transactions, smart contracts,

1 CID's or other similar analog representations of
2 information, data or records.

3

4 (iv) Unlawful federal actions compelling
5 disclosure or production of:

6

7 (A) Private keys;

8

9 (B) Seed phrases;

10

11 (C) Cryptographic secrets;

12

13 (D) Transaction histories;

14

15 (E) Wallet contents;

16

17 (F) Self-incriminating digital asset
18 information;

19

20 (G) Digital asset forfeitures;

21

22 (H) Cryptocurrency seizures;

23

1 (J) Blockchain-based activity regulation.

2

3 (v) Unlawful federal overreach burdening:

4

5 (A) Intrastate cryptocurrency transactions;

6

7 (B) Digital identity implementations;

8

9 (C) Cryptographic signing activities;

10

11 (D) Smart contract deployments;

12

13 (E) Token governance systems;

14

15 (F) Cryptographically signed or ascribed

16 data, including blockchain transactions, smart contracts,

17 CID's or other similar analog representations of

18 information, data or records;

19

20 (G) Interference with state level

21 regulations of digital assets.

22

1 (b) The attorney general may seek to initiate a
2 lawsuit, or intervene or file an amicus curiae brief in any
3 lawsuit filed in any state or federal court in Wyoming, or
4 filed against any Wyoming resident or business in any other
5 jurisdiction as a result of unlawful federal infringement
6 on the rights described in subsection (a) of this act if,
7 in his judgment, the federal action endangers the rights of
8 Wyoming residents or businesses. Before initiating or
9 intervening in any lawsuit pursuant to this section, the
10 attorney general shall obtain the approval of the governor.

11

12 **Section 2.** This act is effective July 1, 2025.

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14

(END)