

## HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. HJ0016

Vaccine bill of rights.

Sponsored by: Representative(s) Laursen and Fortner

## A JOINT RESOLUTION

for

1 A JOINT RESOLUTION for the state of Wyoming to protect its  
2 citizens against unconstitutional and medically irresponsible  
3 COVID-19 vaccine mandates.

4

5 WHEREAS, the Founders designated that a Bill of Rights was  
6 necessary to guard individual liberty against encroachments  
7 from state and federal actors, public and private; and

8

9 WHEREAS, the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States  
10 Constitution explicitly directs states not to "deprive any  
11 person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of  
12 law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal  
13 protection of the laws"; and

14

1 WHEREAS, no COVID-19 vaccine has been formally approved by  
2 the Food and Drug Administration, but some are authorized  
3 under a temporary Emergency Use Authorization as experimental  
4 or investigational agents only; and

5

6 WHEREAS, emergency use products are prohibited by federal law  
7 under 21 U.S.C. § 360bbb-3 from being mandated insofar as  
8 individuals must be informed of "the option to accept or  
9 refuse administration of the product"; and

10

11 WHEREAS, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention  
12 Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices affirmed that  
13 experimental vaccines are not allowed to be mandatory under  
14 an Emergency Use Authorization; and

15

16 WHEREAS, established and accepted Codes of Medical Ethics,  
17 including the Nuremberg Code and the Declaration of Helsinki,  
18 prohibit any form of coercion whatsoever to individuals who  
19 participate in a medical experiment; and

20

21 WHEREAS, forty percent (40%) of respondents in at least one  
22 (1) United States poll reported that they would opt out of  
23 taking experimental COVID-19 vaccines; and

1

2 WHEREAS, it is neither feasible nor safe to mandate  
3 experimental vaccination given the large number of recovered  
4 COVID-19 patients in the general population and that the Food  
5 and Drug Administration, Pfizer and Moderna testing protocols  
6 excluded COVID-19 recovered patients; and

7

8 WHEREAS, it is neither feasible nor safe to administer  
9 experimental vaccines to many groups of patients, such as  
10 persons with severe allergic reactions and childbearing  
11 women; and

12

13 WHEREAS, public and private measures are being considered to  
14 mandate experimental vaccination in order to participate in  
15 certain public activities and functions of daily American  
16 life, including but not limited to: employment, in-person  
17 school attendance, public transportation and concert  
18 performances; and

19

20 WHEREAS, "vaccine passports", "digital health IDs" and other  
21 such required documentation pose substantial risks to  
22 personal privacy and equal treatment under the law for all  
23 citizens of Wyoming and the United States generally; and

1

2 WHEREAS, administration of the experimental COVID-19 vaccines  
3 according to guidelines established by the Center for Disease  
4 Control and Prevention's Advisory Committee on Immunization  
5 Practices does not provide adequate protections for average  
6 Americans concerned about potential health hazards associated  
7 with the inoculations; and

8

9 WHEREAS, the public is entitled to receive unbiased,  
10 transparent and easily accessible medical information related  
11 to all vaccines from their public health officials; and

12

13 WHEREAS, the emergency powers assumed by the chief executives  
14 of certain states as well as certain municipal leaders violate  
15 unalienable rights guaranteed under the United States  
16 Constitution and its Bill of Rights and therefore deserve  
17 redress; and

18

19 WHEREAS, these grievances are pursued in the courts of various  
20 states, state lawmakers must enshrine certain rights against  
21 encroachment by decrees that are not medically or  
22 scientifically indicated, such as vaccine mandates, in order  
23 to ensure the continuity of these rights; and

1

2 WHEREAS, a COVID-19 Vaccine Bill of Rights memorialized by  
3 this resolution against COVID-19 vaccine mandates provides an  
4 example of adoption for other legislative bodies across the  
5 United States to be recognized by the attorneys general of  
6 those states; and

7

8 WHEREAS, the major principles of this Vaccine Bill of Rights  
9 will include a minimum of four (4) of the following six (6)  
10 provisions:

11

12       No persons will be mandated, coerced, forced or  
13 pressured to take an experimental or "investigational"  
14 medication;

15

16       No physician or nurse shall be asked by an employer to  
17 promote a COVID-19 vaccine;

18

19       All persons reserve the right, at all times, to determine  
20 what is in their own best medical interest without threat to  
21 their livelihood or freedom of movement;

22

1       All persons must be given access to independent  
2 information to help them determine what is in their own best  
3 medical interest, including the risk of death based upon age  
4 or condition from contracting COVID-19 naturally. This must  
5 include information from sources that are independent of a  
6 conflict of interest. For example, pharmaceutical companies  
7 have an inherent conflict of interest, as do government or  
8 quasi-government institutions. Such information can be  
9 included but cannot be the sole source of information;

10

11       The frail elderly are additionally entitled to a  
12 knowledgeable, independent advocate with medical training to  
13 help them determine their own medical interest;

14

15       Private businesses operating within the jurisdiction  
16 have no legal authority to require, mandate or coerce  
17 medication or experimental medication for any persons; and

18

19 WHEREAS, technical guidance for employers released by the  
20 Equal Employment Opportunity Commission in December should  
21 not be understood to undermine the constitutional rights of  
22 employees laid out herein; and

23

1 WHEREAS, state legislative bodies must practice oversight of  
2 such federal assistance consistent with their enumerated  
3 powers; and

4

5 WHEREAS, out-of-state commercial vendors cannot require venue  
6 operators and organizers to mandate proof of vaccination from  
7 concertgoers and other paying customers before freely  
8 entering a venue on private or public property; and

9

10 WHEREAS, K-12 vaccinations cannot be required without certain  
11 clear and consistent exemptions applied, among them medical  
12 and conscience clauses, or risk forfeiting a district or  
13 school board's authority in the State of Wyoming to authorize  
14 such a mandate, nor can a vaccine mandate for these  
15 populations be a factor in state school funding; and

16

17 WHEREAS, interstate carriers such as airlines and all forms  
18 of public transit calling for so-called "vaccine passports"  
19 as a condition of entry cannot be allowed to operate with  
20 state licensure and waivers, and furthermore this resolution  
21 would call on federal entities such as the Federal Aviation  
22 Administration to issue new rules prohibiting COVID-19  
23 vaccine mandates for all carrier crews and customers.

1

2 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE MEMBERS OF THE  
3 LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WYOMING:

4

5 **Section 1.** That the Legislature of the state of Wyoming  
6 memorializes a COVID-19 Vaccine Bill of Rights for the  
7 purposes of defending the constitutional liberties of its  
8 citizens, promoting sound science and outlining a framework  
9 of best practices for state authorities and federal  
10 regulators to develop in this evolving phase of experimental  
11 vaccine administration and implementation.

12

13 **Section 2.** That the Secretary of State of Wyoming  
14 transmit copies of this resolution to the President of the  
15 United States, the United States House of Representatives,  
16 the United States Senate, the Federal Aviation  
17 Administration, the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission,  
18 the Department of Labor and the Justice Department's Civil  
19 Rights Division.

20

21 (END)